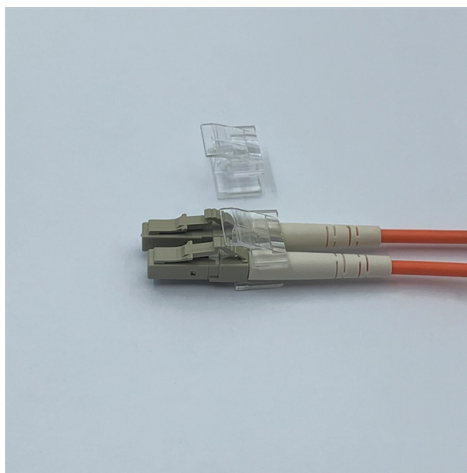


Equipotential bonding terminal box wiring frame



Overview

Equipotential bonding cables are required between two control cabinets with a minimum conductor cross-section of 16 mm². Use equipotential bonding conductors made of copper or galvanized steel.

Key Takeaways

An equipotential bonding terminal box connects all exposed conductive parts and metallic structures to a common earth potential, using appropriately sized conductors to minimize potential differences and ensure safety.

Purpose of Equipotential Bonding Terminal Boxes

Equipotential bonding terminal boxes, such as the Delixi CDPE30, are designed to connect electrical devices, exposed metal parts, and building metallic structures (e.g., water pipes, heating pipes, steel reinforcements) to a common grounding system. This reduces the contact voltage risk and prevents dangerous potential differences between conductive parts, protecting both people and equipment from electric shock or fault voltages.

Wiring Principles

Conductor Selection: Use copper or galvanized steel conductors with a cross-section suitable for the installation. For protective equipotential bonding, typical minimum cross-sections are 6 mm² for copper or 16 mm² for aluminum. In industrial control cabinets, a minimum of 16 mm² copper is recommended between cabinets.

Connection Points: Connect all metallic parts, including the terminal box, to the equipotential busbar or main earthing terminal. This includes structural steel, pipework, and other exposed conductive parts. **Routing:** Route equipotential bonding conductors in parallel with data cables but maintain minimum clearance to avoid interference.

Cable shielding alone is not sufficient for equipotential bonding. **Terminal Box Features:** Boxes like the CDPE30 have strip holes for flat iron or copper bars and knock-off holes for incoming and outgoing lines, facilitating secure connections to the building's metallic framework.

Installation Tips

Flush Clamping: Clamp data cable shields near the equipotential busbar to maintain grounding continuity. **Corrosion Protection:** Ensure conductors and terminal box surfaces are protected against corrosion, using electrostatic spraying or other protective coatings. **Supplementary Bonding:** In sensitive areas, such as medical environments, supplementary equipotential bonding may be required to connect all conductive parts to the main protective earth.

Compliance: Follow relevant standards such as DIN VDE 0100, IEC 61730, and BS EN 62305 for building and PV system installations.

Summary

To wire an equipotential bonding terminal box to a frame: Use properly sized copper or steel conductors. Connect all metallic parts and structural elements to the terminal box. Route conductors carefully, avoiding interference with data cables.

Ensure corrosion protection and compliance with local electrical standards. Verify that all connections maintain continuous equipotential bonding to reduce shock hazards and protect equipment. This approach ensures that the terminal box effectively equalizes potential across all connected metallic parts, providing a safe and reliable grounding system.

Article Content

Equipotential bonding of connection boxes

Equipotential bonding cables are required between two control cabinets with a minimum conductor cross-section of 16 mm². Use equipotential bonding conductors made of copper or galvanized steel.

Delixi Electric CDPE30 Equipotential Bonding Terminal Box

CDPE30 Equipotential Bonding Terminal Box Connect the equipment shell or metal part with the ground wire to form their own equipotential body in order to protect the safety of people and equipment

Supplementary Equipotential Bonding SEB30, SEB60

Fixed conductive non-electrical patient supports such as operating theatre tables, physiotherapy couches and dental chairs should be connected to the equipotential bonding conductor unless they

To Bond or not to Bond

Connection of a lightning protection system to the protective equipotential bonding shall be made in accordance with BS EN 62305 and best determined by a

SEB30, SEB60

New cage-clamp terminal technology is used for easy wiring. Solid conductors can directly be pushed in the terminal without any tools, no crimping of lugs, no torque wrench required and no retightening

Recommendations for equipotential bonding and lightning protection

Equipotential bonding is a prerequisite for earthing. In this process, all metallic structures that have been equalised in potential are connected to earth via an earthing conductor and the main earthing bar.

Equipotential Bonding Guide for Metal Installations

A technical guide on equipotential bonding for metal installations, covering design, conductors, and IEC standards for electrical safety.

Equipotential Bonding For Metal Installations

Equipotential bonding bars are a central component of equipotential bonding which must clamp all the connecting conductors and cross sections occurring in practice to have high contact stability; it must

Equipotential bonding system

As you can see from the diagram, all potentially dangerous conductive structures are connected to the terminal box (the bus) of equipotential bonding box. Thus,

HEBOTEC: Equipotential bonding clamps from Hebotec

The Hebotec equipotential bonding terminal is characterized by its high-quality workmanship and easy installation. It creates a secure and stable connection

Installation of inverter driven motors_engl

if nec. for HF optimization additional low impedance equipotential bonding conductors between motor frame and converter PE bus bar, between motor main terminal box and motor frame, between motor

Pool Electrical Inspection: NEC Article 680 Requirements [CA 2026]

Master pool electrical inspections with NEC Article 680 requirements. Learn GFCI protection, bonding, grounding, and California-specific code for 2026 compliance.

Structured Cabling, Grounding & Equipotential Bonding

A professional equipotential bonding of all network devices in an information technology equipment within a building can only be accomplished by consistently earthing all installed network components

What Is an Equipotential Bonding? Meaning, Requirements, Examples ...

Earth-free local equipotential bonding is intended to prevent the appearance of a dangerous touch voltage. Equipotential bonding conductors shall interconnect all simultaneously accessible exposed

Equipotential bonding of connection boxes

Equipotential bonding of connection boxes Potential differences Differences in potential between separated plant components can lead to high equalizing currents over the data cables, destroying

Equipotential Bonding For Metal Installations

The design of a foundation earth electrode is governed in Germany by DIN 18014, which, for example requires terminal lugs for the earthing busbar. If a foundation earth electrode is used as

Equipotential Bonding | Axis Electricals

Equipotential bonding is a technique for minimising the danger of equipment damage and personal injury. Read Axis Electricals' blog to learn more.

Delixi Cdpe30 Equipotential Bonding Terminal Box

Delixi Cdpe30 Equipotential Bonding Terminal Box, Find Details and Price about Auto Parts and Spare Parts from Delixi Electric Sales Co., Ltd.

Related Video Reference

This video was associated with the source search result. Verify technical details against current product documentation and project requirements.

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